

APPLICATIONS

Measure water variation in vivo samples Monitor effects of stress Help to determine irrigation requirements Research Teaching

FEATURES

Non-invasive, non-destructive measurements
Light weight and easy to install
Real time online display of data
WiFi technology
Optional solar panel for power supply

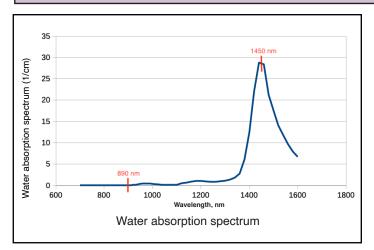
pocket LEAF WATER METER

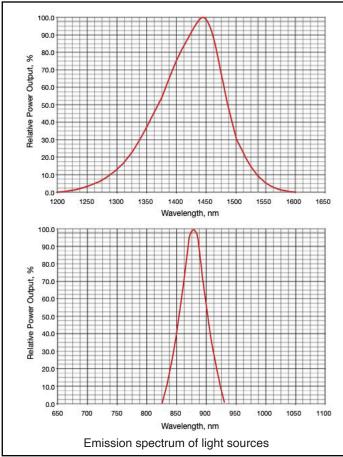
The new pocket Leaf Water Meter (pocket LWM) provides real time accurate measurements of water contents on the intact leave of plants and crops. The installation is rapid and the system is ready just after a short calibration period that the pocket LWM runs by himself. Cultivar details can be specified for maximum precision and customization. On open field, it can be possible to apply solar panels to the pocket LWM to sustain its own power requirements. Accurate measurements are taken every 30 minutes and sent online in real time using the WiFi. Data can be seen immediately online on the website, easily understandable thanks to the clear graphic representation. Data can also be downloaded to keep track of progress and management choices and results.

The pocket LWM is useful for improving the irrigation managements programs, whether on open fields or in greenhouses. The pocket LWM can also detect stresses that are not related to water deficit or surplus, like illness, extreme heat or excessive insolation. The pocket LWM can be used on a variety of species of plants C3 and C4.

In the next decades the climate change and the world population growth will challenge the sustainability of the agricultural production systems in the various regions of world. In this scenario the limited availability of water resources and the improper use of irrigation will make the agricultural sector even more vulnerable to such changes, with effects on the ecosystems. The pocket LWM detect changes in hydro content of the plants that can be used to manage water optimization programs, to improve crop yield and to help protecting the environment. A more effective usage of water resources can ensure many benefits: on one side this can help the reduction of detrimental mould and fungal development on crops, on the other side it can increment the productivity of some cultivations, as for example the possibility of increasing sugar content in the raisin for a specific wine production.

Laboratory methods for determination of Relative Water Content (RWC) in plant leaves are time consuming and destructive to the sample. Typically, a sample must be detached, rehydrated and dehydrated. The pocket LWM provides non-destructive, rapid measurements. Moreover, current techniques for measuring the water content of the leaf are affected by a fluctuation caused by light incident on the leaf. The pocket LWM allows to estimate the fluctuation of the relative water content and to evaluate the real water content.





PaStella Factory SRLS

TECH SPECS

Optical parameters measured: Optical absorption in two different wavelength (880 nm and 1450 nm).

Spectrometric sensor: 1

Test area: 2 cm²

Optical resolution: +/- 1% SDI

Light sources:

· Led IR (peak 880 nm)

· Led SWIR (peak 1450 nm)

Light sensors:

IR photodiode

SWIR InGaAS photodiode

ADC resolution: 10 bit

Measurement technique: Average value of 100 samples

User interface: Website Connectivity: WiFi

Environment sensors: Temperature, relative humidity,

luminosity and soil moisture.

Temperature resolution: 1°C

Temperature precision: ±1°C

Relative humidity resolution: 1%

Relative humidity precision: ±3% (5%-95%, 25°C)

Luminosity measurable range: 0-65535 lux

Luminosity resolution: 1 lux Luminosity precision: ±7% (25°C)

Soil moisture resolution: 1%

Soil moisture precision: ±3% (0-53%); ±5%(53-100%)

Operating temperature: -10 °C to 80 °C

Supply voltage: 5 to 18 V

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